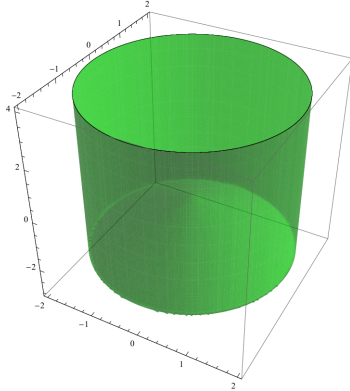


Name: _____

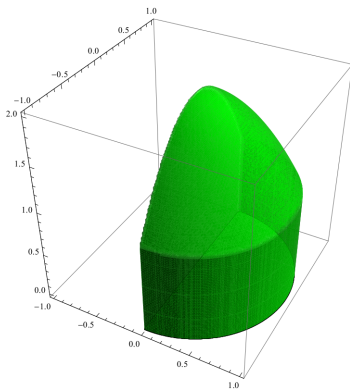
§13.5 TRIPLE INTEGRALS IN CYLINDRICAL AND SPHERICAL COORDINATES

- Set up the triple integral $\iiint_Q f(x, y, z) dV$ in cylindrical coordinates, where Q is the region above $z = -\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ and inside $x^2 + y^2 = 4$.



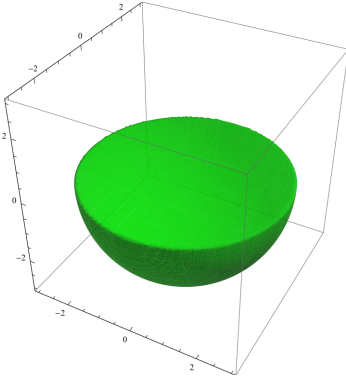
- Change the coordinate system and evaluate the iterated integral

$$\int_0^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{2-x^2-y^2} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dz dy dx.$$



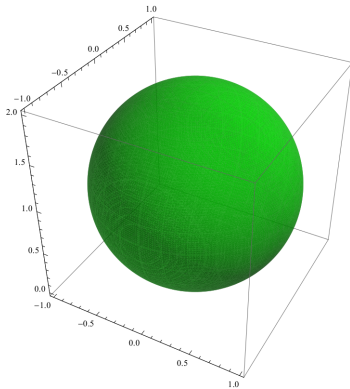
MAT272 RECITATION - HOMEWORK 12

3. Set up and evaluate the triple integral in an appropriate coordinate system: $\iiint_Q \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} dV$, where Q is bounded by the hemisphere $z = -\sqrt{9 - x^2 - y^2}$ and the xy -plane.



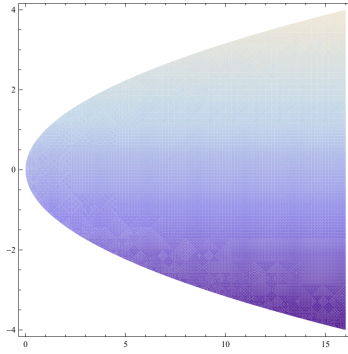
4. Change the coordinate system and evaluate the iterated integral

$$\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_{1-\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}}^{1+\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{3/2} dz dy dx.$$

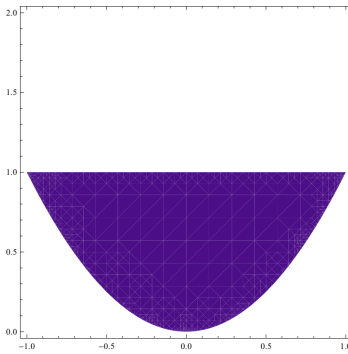


§13.6 INTEGRALS FOR MASS CALCULATIONS

5. Find the mass and center of mass of the lamina bounded by $x = y^2$ and $x = 16$ with density $\rho(x, y) = y + 7$.



6. Find the mass and moments of inertia M_x and M_y for a lamina in the shape of the region bounded by $y = x^2$ and $y = 1$ with density $\rho(x, y) = 5$.



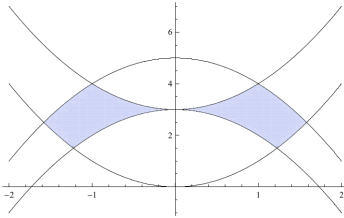
MAT272 RECITATION - HOMEWORK 12

7. Find the mass of the solid in the region bounded by $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$ and $z = 0$, with density $\rho(x, y, z) = 5e^{-(x^2+y^2)}$.

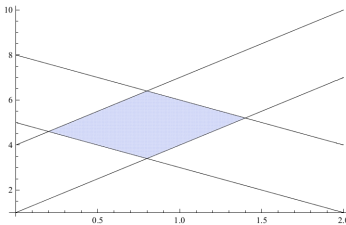
8. Find the mass of the solid tetrahedra bounded by $x + y + 8z = 8$ and the coordinate planes, with density $\rho(x, y, z) = x + 8y$.

§13.7 CHANGE OF VARIABLES IN MULTIPLE INTEGRALS

9. Find a transformation from a rectangular region S in the uv -plane to the region R in the xy -plane, where R is bounded by $y = x^2$, $y = x^2 + 3$, $y = 5 - x^2$, and $y = 3 - x^2$.



10. Evaluate the double integral $\iint_R 2x - y \, dA$, where R is bounded by $y = 3x + 1$, $y = 3x + 4$, $y = -2x + 5$, and $y = -2x + 8$.



MAT272 RECITATION - HOMEWORK 12

11. Find the Jacobian determinant of the given transformation: $T : x = 6u \cos(v), y = 7u \sin(v)$.

12. Find the volume of the solid Q , where Q is bounded by $x + 3z = -2$, $x + 3z = 0$, $3y - 5z = -2$, $3y - 5z = 1$, $3y - 2z = 1$, and $3y - 2z = 2$.

